

#### **BIODIVERSITY POLICY**

#### 1. Introduction

In accordance with the duty imposed on Town and Parish Councils by Section 40 of the Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act 2006, updated by Section 102 of the Environment Act 2021, Stonehouse Town Council (hereinafter referred to as the Council) which has any functions exercisable in relation to England must from time to time consider what action the authority can properly take, consistently with the proper exercise of its functions, to further the general biodiversity objective. This duty also means that town and parish councils can spend funds in conserving biodiversity.

#### 2. Definition

According to Defra (Biodiversity 2020), biodiversity is the variety of all life on Earth. It includes all species of animals and plants - everything that is alive on our planet.

Biodiversity is important for its own sake and has its own intrinsic value. A number of studies have shown this value also goes further. Biodiversity is the building block of our 'ecosystems' that in turn provide us with a wide range of goods and services that support our economic and social wellbeing. These include essentials such as food, fresh water and clean air, but also less obvious services such as protection from natural disasters, regulation of our climate, and purification of our water or pollination of our crops. Biodiversity also provides important cultural services, enriching our lives.

#### 3 Policy Aims and Objectives

- 3.1 The object of this policy is to work towards conserving and enhancing the biodiversity of the Council's area.
- 3.2 The Full Council and any committees of the Council will consider sustainability, environmental impact and biodiversity when making decisions and will develop and implement policies and strategies as required.
- 3.3 In particular, the Council will aim to improve the biodiversity of the area in the following ways:
- consider the potential impact on biodiversity represented by planning applications.
- manage its land and property using environmentally friendly practices that will promote biodiversity.
- support local businesses and Council operations in the adoption of low impact/nature positive practices.
- encourage and support other organisations within the parish/town to manage their areas of responsibility with biodiversity in mind.

• support residents and local organisation activities to enhance and promote biodiversity.

## 4 Policy implementation

### 4.1 Planning Applications

The Council will:

- when commenting on planning applications, support site and building design that benefits biodiversity through the conservation and integration of existing habitats or provision of new habitats.
- support protection of sensitive habitats from development and will consider whether the development would mean the loss of important habitats for wildlife in respect of all applications.
- consider what each proposed development might make in terms of biodiversity net gain.
- include policies in support of biodiversity within the Neighbourhood Plan.

#### 4.2 Land and Property Management

The Council will:

- carry out a biodiversity audit of its landholdings.
- consider the conservation and promotion of local biodiversity with regard to the management of its open spaces. This will include adopting beneficial practices with regarding to cutting and removal of vegetation, application of chemicals and timing of maintenance work, paying attention to the Government's regulations for plant protection products.
- take special care in the specification of grounds maintenance contracts to ensure that the work, whilst reaching acceptable standards, does not harm the natural environment.
- source sustainable materials when procuring supplies for the Council's use
- consider biodiversity issues and the implementation of changes when managing its buildings.

#### 4.3 Local Community

The Council will:

- raise public awareness of biodiversity issues, including through its website and newsletters.
- engage with local businesses and residents regarding biodiversity in the community and how members of the community can assist and make a difference.
- where feasible, involve the community in biodiversity projects on its land including for example tree planting, wildflower meadows, birdbox making.

#### 4.4 Partners

The Council will work in partnership with other organisations to protect, promote and enhance biodiversity within the Council area.

It will review any local nature recovery strategies, species conservation strategies, or protected site strategies in respect of local Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSIs) and consider how it may become more involved in implementing the strategies' recommendations.

#### 5. Monitoring

This policy was adopted on 17<sup>th</sup> March 2025 (Minute No: TC3402) and will be reviewed in two years or sooner should legislation dictate/each year at the Annual Meeting. A Local Nature Plan will be developed and progress reported on by the new Woodlands and Open Spaces Committee.

# Stonehouse Town Council has responsibility for these following sites that will be impacted by its Biodiversity Policy:

Oldends Lane Playing Field

Meadow Road Playing Field

Laburnum Playing Field

Stagholt Field and Allotments

**Doverow Woods** 

**Old Chapel Gardens** 

Town Greens in High Street including Memorial Green

Some verges/hedges throughout the town

# Appendix 1

## **Draft Action Plan**

SITE / Objective	Action	Outcome	Target Years	Reporting/Publicity
Whole council area	Raise local awareness of biodiversity	Gain local support for action	Ongoing	Newsletter, social media, website
Protect and support biodiversity	Encourage suitable planting and wildflower seeding to support biodiversity	Connect & diversify habitats to meet the needs of a variety of wildlife species	Ongoing	Mapping
Recreation ground	Sympathetic hedge management	Food sources and cover	Ongoing	Newsletter/website
	Leave areas unmown Sow wildflower seeds	Encourages wildlife		
	Don't use pesticides			
	Leaving standing/lying dead wood as a habitat for invertebrates			
	Removing invasive or species that are detrimental to native flora and fauna as required			
Other open spaces	Encourage residents to pick up after dogs and remove litter	Protecting habitats	Ongoing	
	Work with other agencies re verge management for wildlife vs safety	Protecting/ enhancing habitats		
Built environment	Ensure planning consultations are considered against the requirements of the Neighbourhood	Protecting and enhancing habitats	Ongoing	
	Plan and Biodiversity Policies	Extending habitats		

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	Encourage hedgehog/small animal highways in		
Increase community awareness of biodiversity	new developments Ask residents for their views on what they would like to be done to conserve biodiversity within the parish	Engagement/ ownership of biodiversity	
	Raise awareness of the importance of gardens as habitats for wildlife, with possible actions highlighted in the town newsletter	Promote biodiversity	
	Create a page on the Town Council website for photographs/ information/links	Promote biodiversity	
	Encourage local farmers to contribute	Promote biodiversity	
	Provide seed bombs/ bulbs etc. for residents' use	Extending habitats	
	Discourage floodlighting	Protect nocturnal animals	
Support community projects	Support hedge/tree planting/sowing in any appropriate areas	Extending habitats	
	Work in partnership with the school to develop young people's awareness of the environment around them	Promote biodiversity	
	Consider events and offer volunteering opportunities to support biodiversity, working with local organisations	Promote biodiversity	

Adopted: 17<sup>th</sup> March 2025 (Minute No: TC3402)

Next review: 2028